

Maintenance & Cleaning Guide

General Guide

Correctly performed maintenance lengthens the life of the flooring. The choice of color and design, as well as where the floor is installed, has an effect on the need for maintenance and cleaning.

- **Most dirt comes from outdoors. Installing well suited doormats at the entranceways will prevent 80% of the potential dirt and moisture from penetrating the premises. To remain effective, doormats should be vacuumed daily.**
- **Legs on furniture with angular or dirtying edges or that must support heavy weights (large cabinets or tables) should be placed on smooth protective pads to avoid damage to the flooring.**
- **Choose color carefully based on where the flooring will be used.**
- **Never use acetone or polish on flooring.**
- **For daily cleaning, we recommend vacuum cleaning.**

Regular Cleaning

Vacuuming

- Vacuum your flooring regularly to keep dust to a minimum.

Spot/stain removal

- Stains/spills should be cleaned up as quickly as possible, when they are still fresh, and then rinsed with clear water. See our recommendations for stain removal.

Manual Cleaning

Manual cleaning should take place in smaller areas or in areas where machines cannot access.

Periodic cleaning should be carried out regularly.

- Start by vacuuming.
- Use a scrubbing brush, luke warm water and all-purpose pH 7-8,5 cleaner.
- Suck up water with a wet vacuum cleaner or dry with microfiber cleaning mop.

Stain Removal

Stains should be dealt with immediately.

Never use acetone, trichloroethylene, wax, greasy detergent or nail polish remover.

Use a scrubbing brush and rinse with water.

STAINS

STAINS	STAIN REMOVERS
- Traces of acrylic glue and/or paint	- C essence or white spirit. After applying the solvent, carefully wipe the flooring.
- Drop of paint or chewing-gum	- Use a freeze spray and then delicately remove the paint/gum with a spatula.
- Wine, beer, non-alcoholic beverages, milk, fruit, cream	- Hot water and a neutral cleaning agent with a few drops of ammonia if necessary.
- Chocolate, oil, coffee/tea, grease, tar	- Hot water and powerful alkaline detergent.
- Shoe/scuff marks	- For tough stains, apply a solvent such as C essence or white spirit.
- Ink, ball-point pen, marker, lipstick	- Rinse thoroughly.
- Rust	- Rub with a dry rag.
- Blood	- Methylated spirits
- Cigarette burns	- A neutral cleaning agent and 10% oxalic acid
	- Cold water and ammonia
	- Scrape with a spatula and then apply a few drops